



数据分析沙龙（北京站）第10期

时空统计与时空数据可视化

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2013年7月29日 @ 人民大学

Topics

1 时空统计学概述

2 R中的时空数据分析方法

- ✧ 时间序列分析
- ✧ 空间统计
- ✧ 时空统计

3 时空数据可视化

- ✧ R中的时空数据可视化
- ✧ Web中的时空数据可视化

4 时空数据可视化应用案例

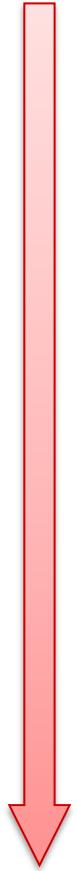
1 时空统计学概述

时空统计学的发展

- 经典统计学 (classical statistics)
 - 历史久远，以概率论为基础，应用广泛；
 - 假设条件：独立同分布。

- 空间统计学 (spatial statistics)
 - 空间对象，单次观测；
 - 空间自相关性，空间异质性；各向异性

- 时空统计学 (spatiotemporal statistics)
 - 时空序列观测；
 - 时空间自相关性；时空异质性；时空交互性。



空间统计学

□ 研究内容

从数据模型划分 (Cressie 1993)

1. 点模式分析——从空间位置的特定视角
2. 格网与区域分析——与空间的区域模型相关
3. 地统计学建模——应用于支撑数据的连续场视角

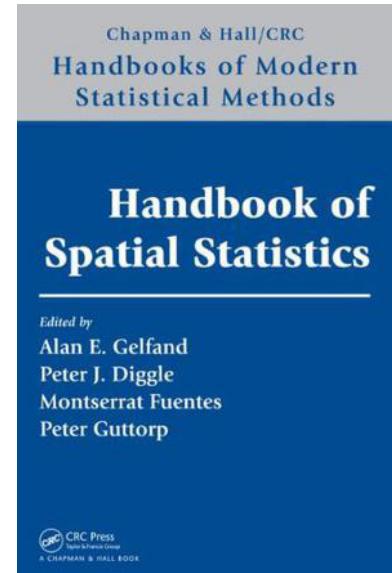
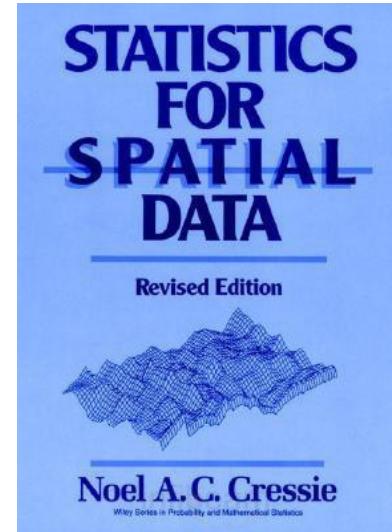
从研究内容划分 (Gelfand 2010)

1. Continuous spatial variation——包括地统计学，层次模型，非平稳非高斯随机场等
2. Discrete spatial variation ——包括空间自相关分析、疾病制图和空间计量经济
3. Spatial point pattern——空间点模式分析
4. Spatio-temporal process——时空统计与数据同化
5. Addition topic——包括多变量随机过程，支撑改变，空间聚合等

□ BOOKS

Cressie, N. A. C. (1993). Statistics for spatial data. New York, Wiley.

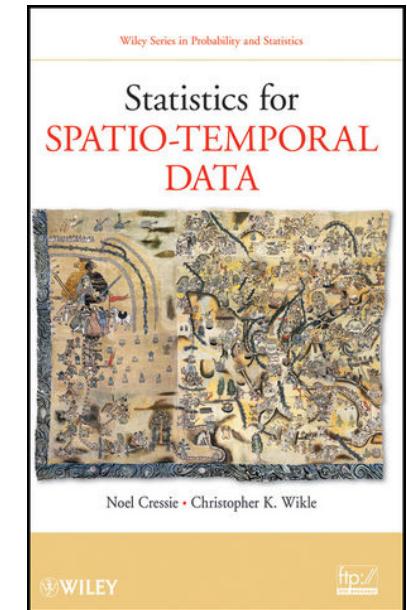
Gelfand, A. E. (2010). Handbook of spatial statistics. Boca Raton, CRC Press.



时空统计学

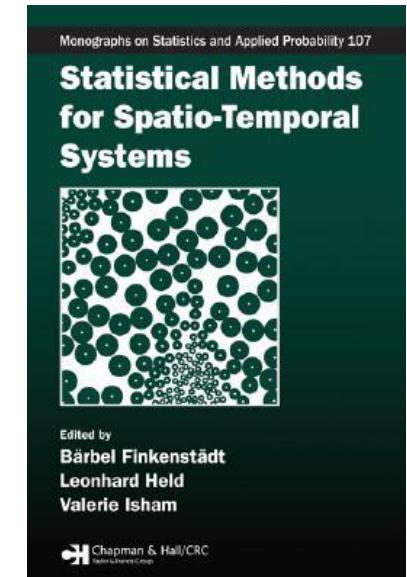
□ 研究内容

- 以空间统计学和时间序列分析为基础
- 探索性时空数据分析
- 基本的时空统计模型
 - 时空协方差函数构建
 - 时空克里格
 - 随机差分方程
 - 空间过程的时间序列分析
 - 时空点过程分析
- 层次动态时空模型
-



□ BOOKS

- Cressie, N. A. C. and C. K. Wikle (2011). Statistics for spatio-temporal data. Hoboken, N.J., Wiley.
- Finkenstädt, B., L. Held, et al. (2007). Statistical methods for spatio-temporal systems. Boca Raton, FL, Chapman & Hall/CRC.



时空统计学应用

□ 地球系统科学

- 气候，气象模拟与预报
- 地质、海洋、大气等

□ 地理信息系统、遥感与全球定位系统（3S）

- GIS：采集、储存、管理、运算、分析、显示时空地理信息。
- RS：卫星遥感；航空遥感；地基遥感等
- GPS：定位，时空轨迹

□ 全球变化与生态环境

- 全球变化；生态系统；环境监测；环境变化等

□ 公共环境健康

- 传染病模型；公共健康与环境

□ 社会经济领域

- 区域经济格局

2 R中的时空数据分析

- ✧ 时间序列分析
- ✧ 空间统计
- ✧ 时空统计

R 中的时空数据分析

□ 按照类型分类

■ TimeSeries

<http://cran.r-project.org/web/views/TimeSeries.html>

■ Spatial

<http://cran.r-project.org/web/views/Spatial.html>

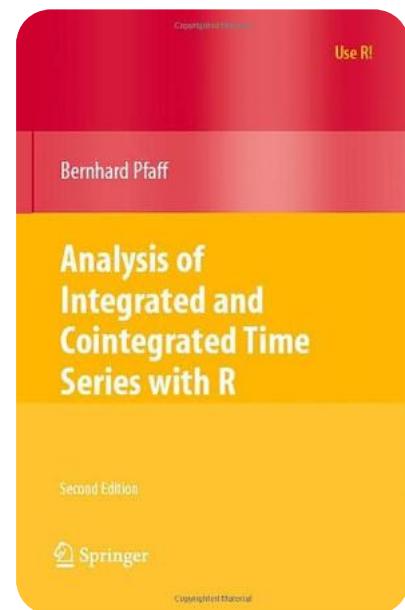
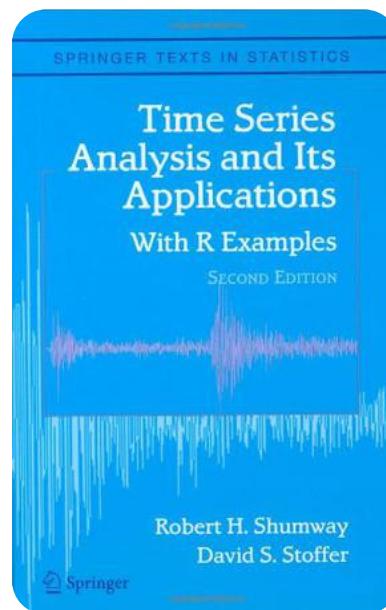
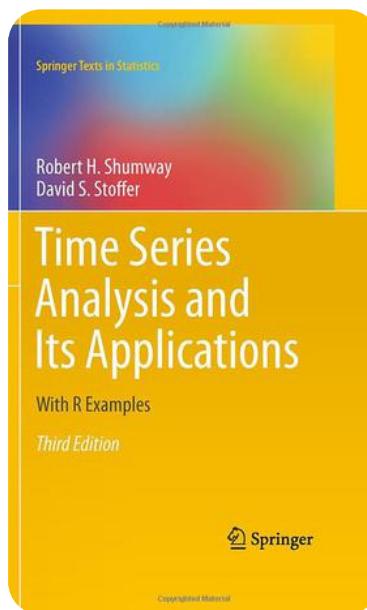
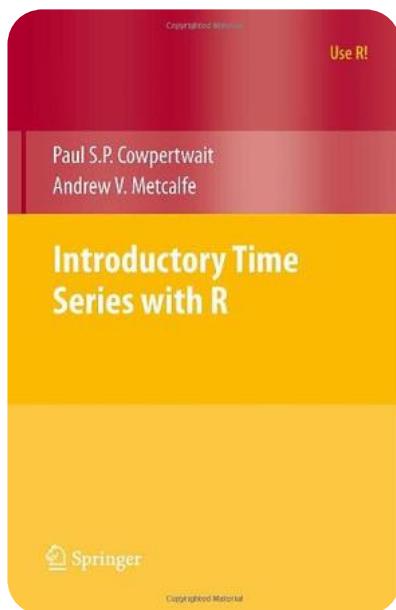
■ Spatiotemporal

<http://cran.r-project.org/web/views/SpatioTemporal.html>

```
install.packages("ctv")
library("ctv")
install.views("TimeSeries")
update.views("TimeSeries")
```

TimeSeries — 时间序列分析

- **Maintainer:** Rob J. Hyndman
- **Package stat. :** 131
- **Core package :** stat, forecast, tseries, xts, zoo
- **Application:** Econometrics and Finance



TimeSeries — 时间序列分析

- 时间和日期数据结构 **stat**

- ts, POSIXct, POSIXlt

- 预测和单变量建模 **forecast** & **tseries**

- ets(); ar(); arima(); arma()

- 频域分析 **wavelets**

- spectrum()

- 分解与滤波 **stat**

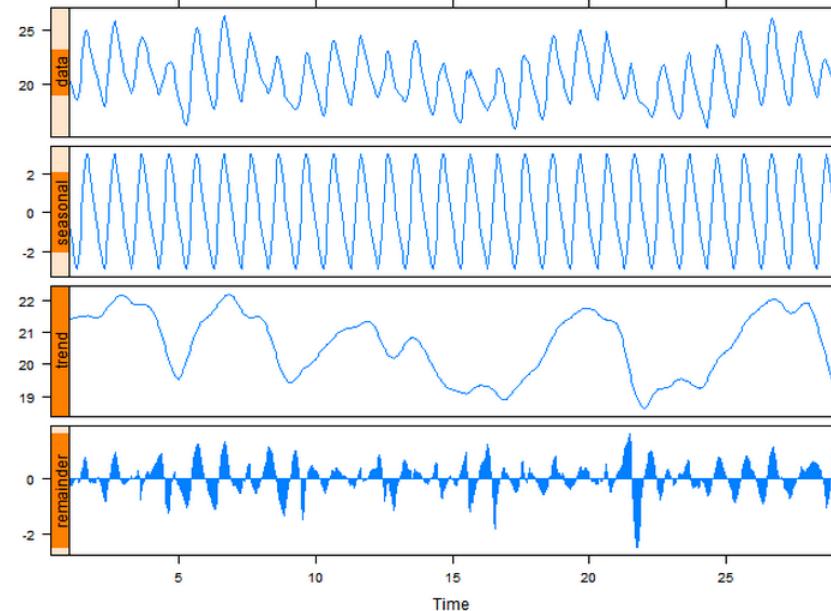
- filter(); decompose(); stl()

- 多元时间序列分析

- 非线性时间序列分析

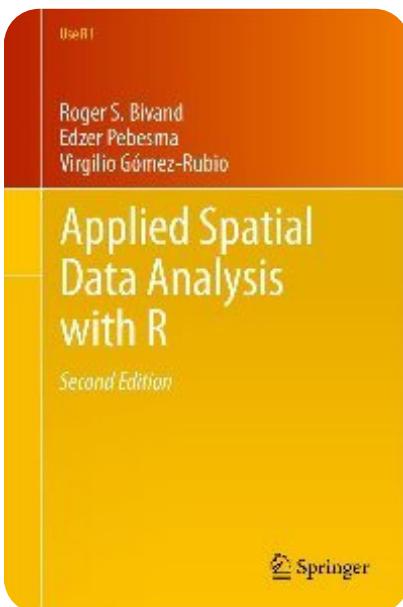
- 动态回归模型

-



Spatial — 空间数据分析

- **Maintainer:** Roger Bivand
- **Package stat. :** 128
- **Core packages :** sp, geoR, gstat, maptools, raster, RandomFields, rgdal, spacetime, spdep, splancs
- **Mailing list :** R-SIG-Geo ; OSGeo



<http://www.asdar-book.org/>

Overview of R spatial packages

□ 空间数据处理步骤

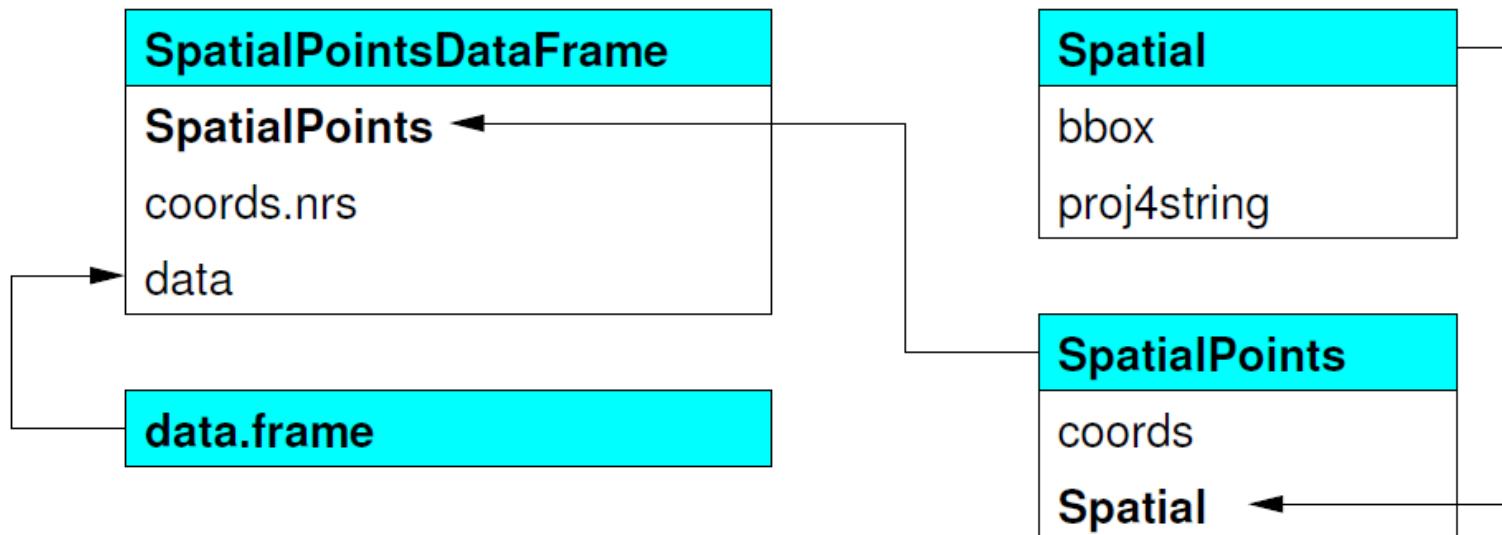
1. R中读入数据
2. 数据清理，探索性分析
3. 进行空间统计分析
4. 输出数据

□ 空间统计核心包分类

目的	所需包
输入输出数据	<code>rgdal</code> , <code>maptools</code> , <code>maps</code> <code>RArcInfo</code> , <code>spgrass6</code> , <code>GRASS</code> , <code>ncdf4</code>
空间数据清理和操作	<code>sp</code> , <code>maptools</code> , <code>raster</code>
空间统计分析	<code>Spatstat</code> , <code>gstat</code> , <code>geoR</code> , <code>spdep</code> , <code>splancs</code>

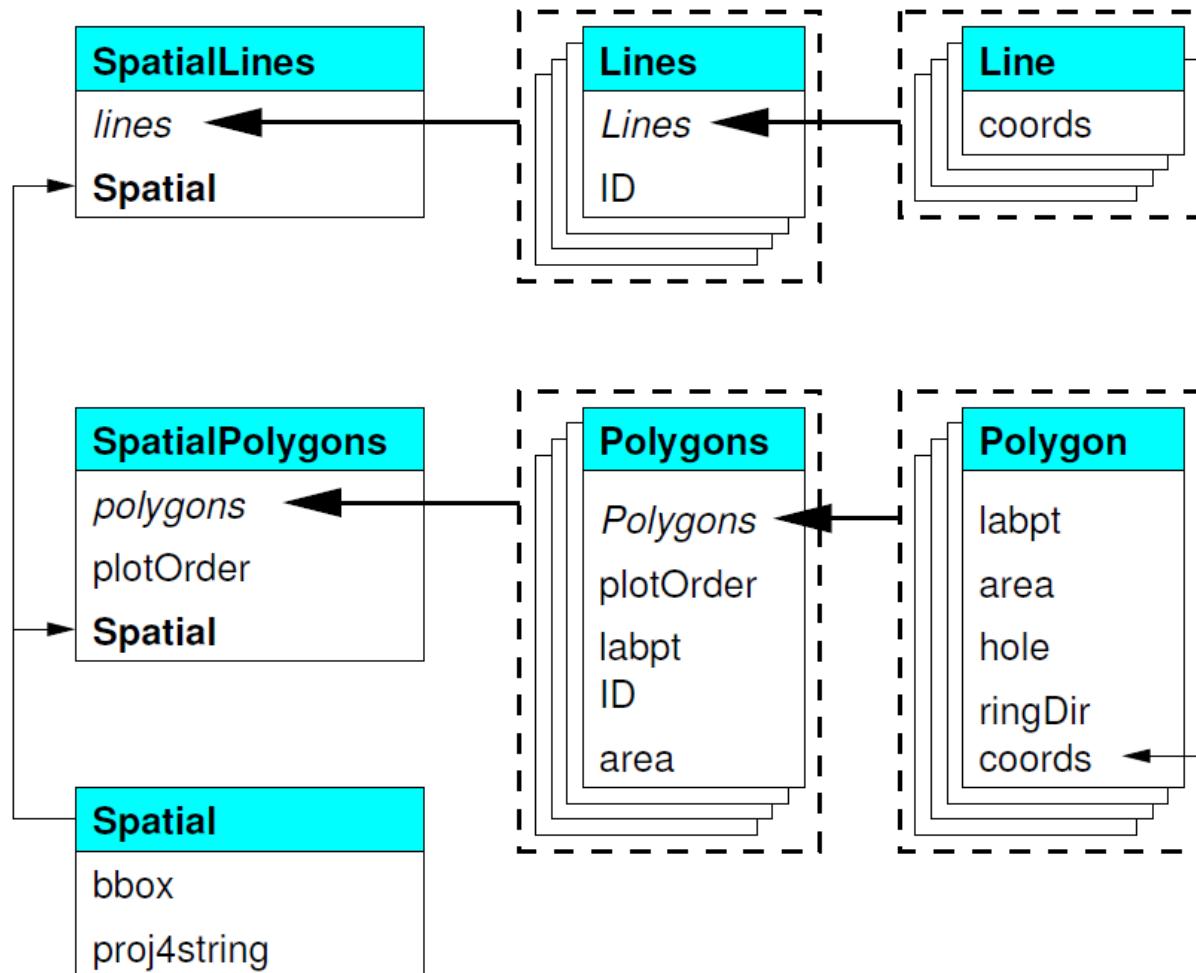
Spatial data structure

- `sp` 基础包中对空间数据，包括点、线、面、栅格，定义空间数据结构。
- 超过100包引用`sp`
- Spatial Points



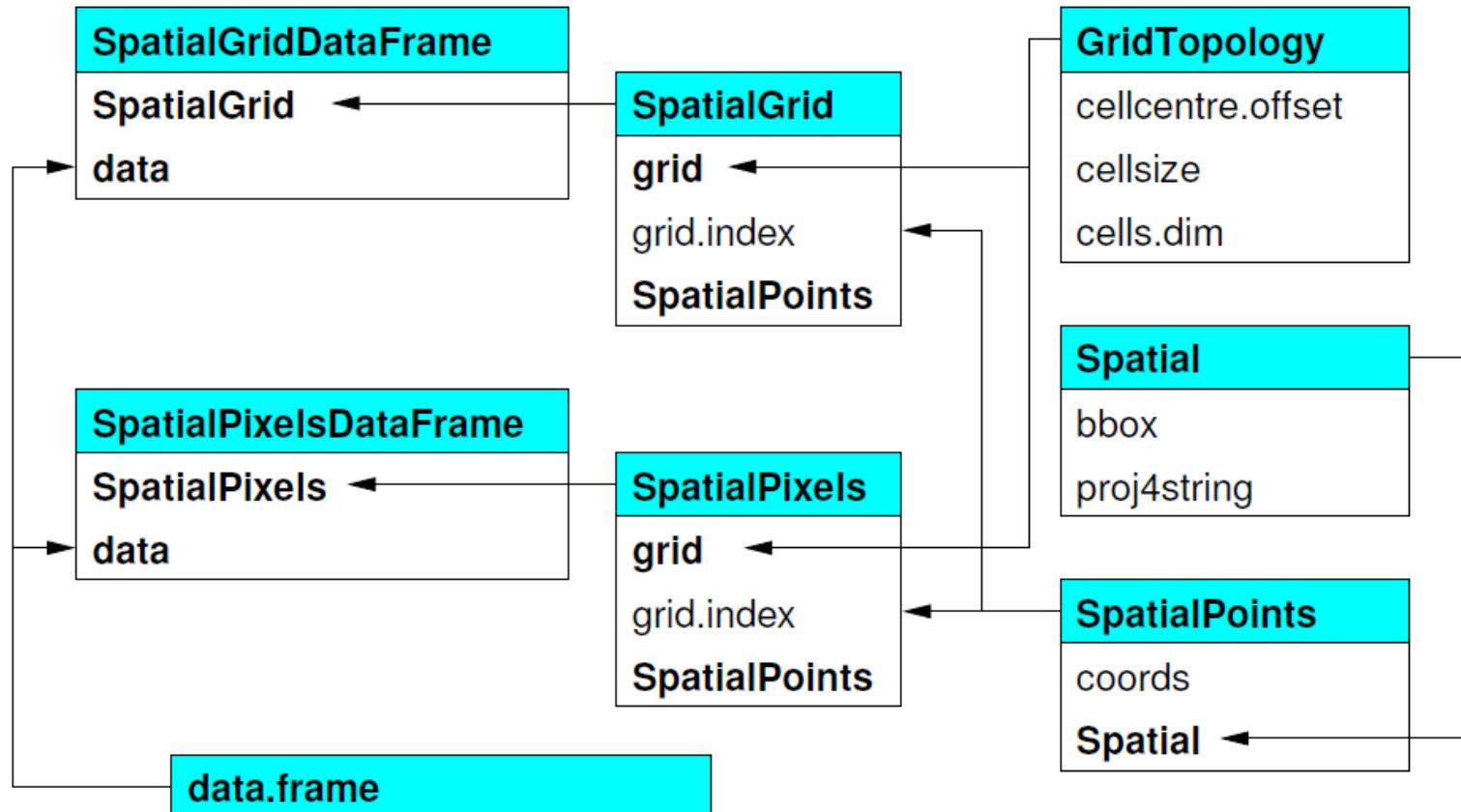
Spatial data structure

□ Spatial Polygons



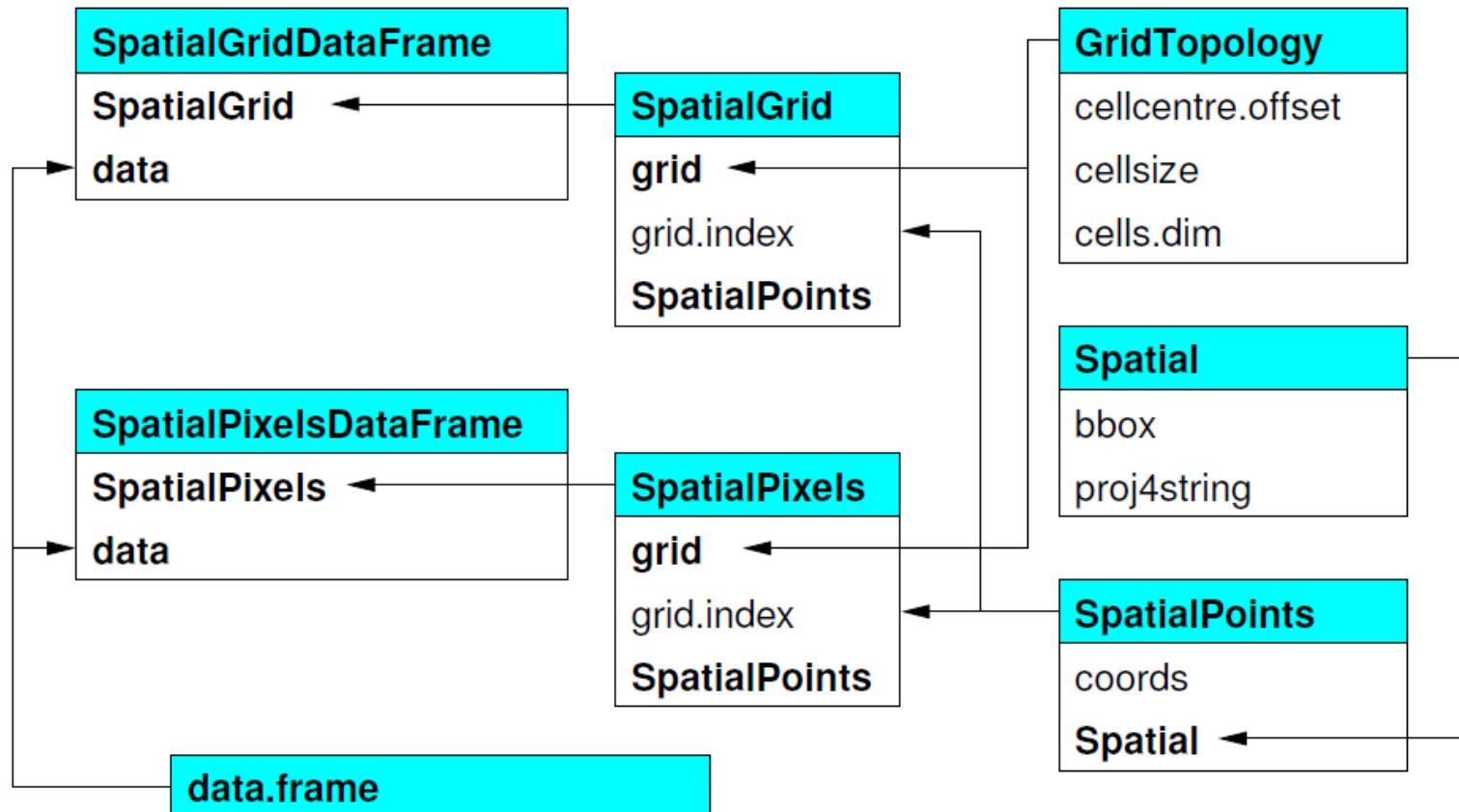
Spatial data structure

□ Spatial grid and pixel classes



Spatial data structure

□ Spatial grid and pixel classes



Read/write spatial data

- **rgdal**: Bindings for the Geospatial Data Abstraction Library ([GDAL](#))
 - `rgdal`
 - `readGDAL()` / `writeGDAL()`
 - `readOGR()` / `writeOGR()`
- Other format
 - `maptools` , `shapefile` : shapefile formart
 - `ncdf`: NetCDF
 - `raster`: raster data
 - `RArcInfo` : *.e00

GIS interface

- **spgrass6**

Interface between GRASS 6+ geographical information system and R



- **RPyGeo**

ArcGIS Geoprocessing in R via Python



- **RSAGA**

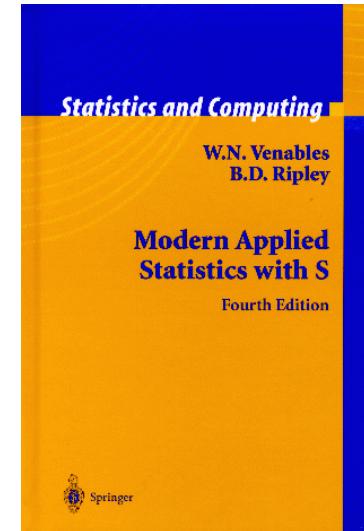
SAGA Geoprocessing and Terrain Analysis in R



Point pattern analysis

□ **Spatial**

Functions for Kriging and Point Pattern Analysis



□ **Spatstat**

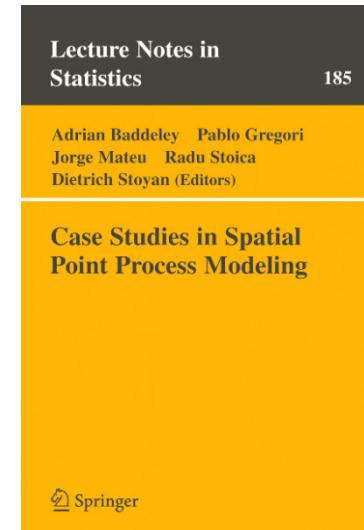
Spatial Point Pattern analysis, model-fitting,
simulation, tests

<http://www.spatstat.org/>

□ **splancs**

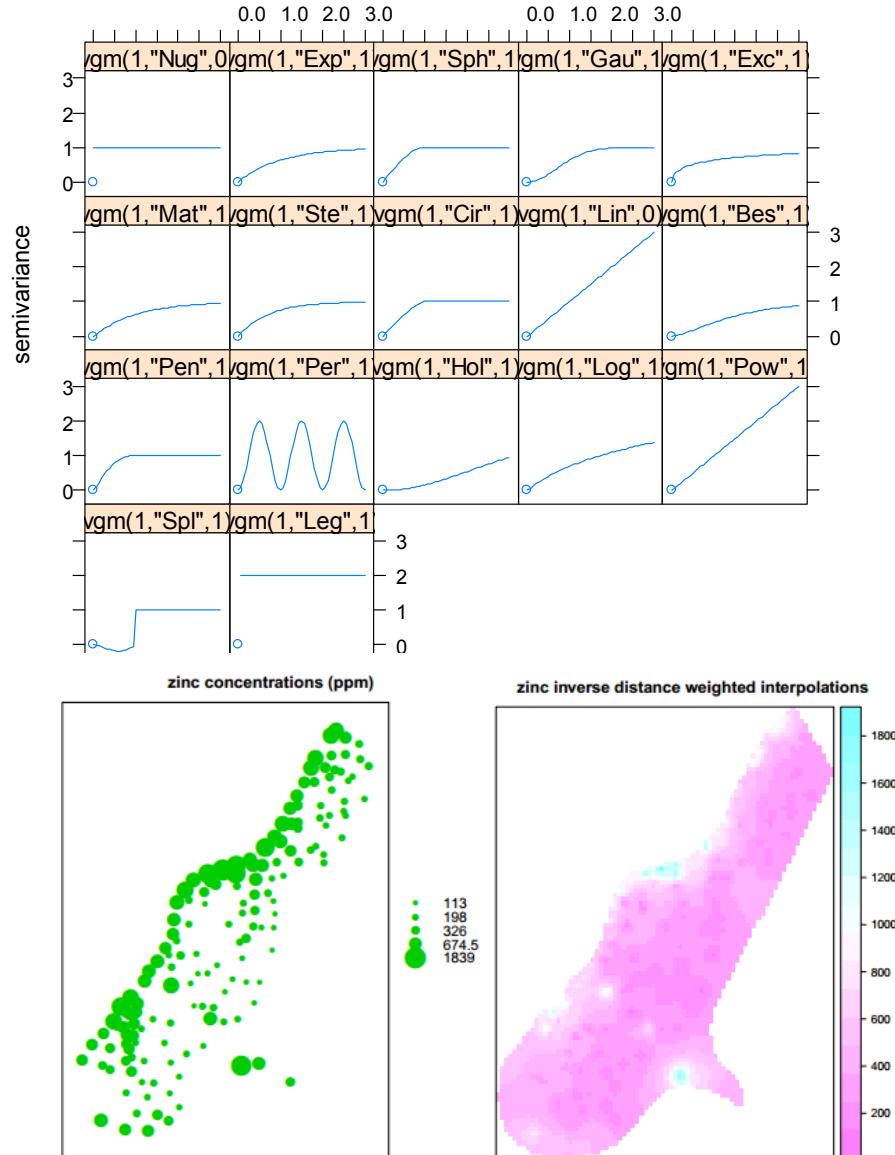
Spatial and Space-Time Point
Pattern Analysis

<http://www.maths.lancs.ac.uk/~rowlings/Splancs/>



Geostatistics

- **gstat**
spatial and spatio-temporal geostatistical modelling, prediction and simulation
- **geoR, geoRglm**
Model-based Geostatistics
- **RandomField**
Simulation and analysis of random field

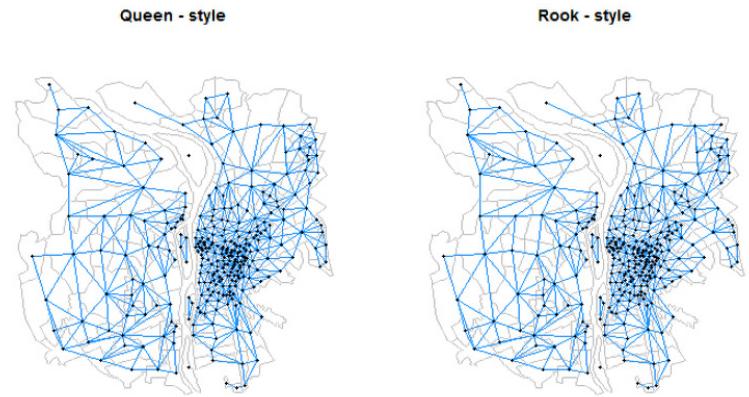


Spatial regression

□ **Spdep**

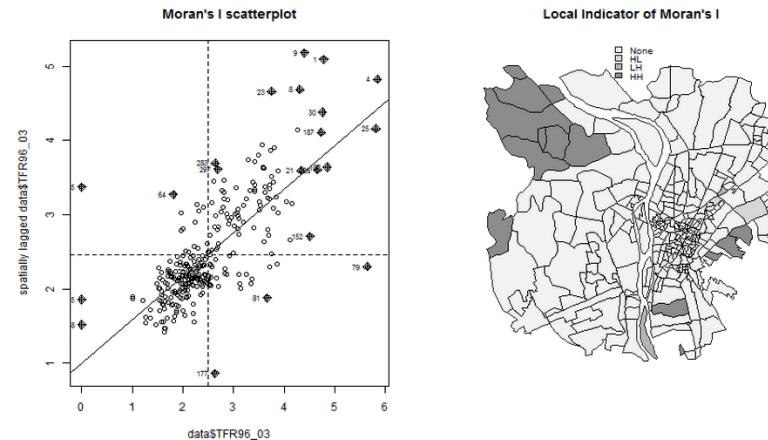
Spatial dependence: weighting schemes, statistics and models

1. Classical Resgression (CLR)
2. Simultaneous Autoregressive Models (SAR)
3. Conditional Autoregressive Models (CAR)
4. Spatial Lag Model (SLM)
5. Spatial error Model (SEM)



□ **nlme**

Linear and Nonlinear Mixed Effects Models



□ **spgwr**

Geographically weighted regression

Spatiotemporal – data process and analysis

- **Maintainer:** Edzer Pebesma
- **Package stat. :** 46
- **Core package :** sp, xts, spacetime, stpp, surveillance, gstat, RandomFields, raster
- **Mailing list :** R-SIG-Geo ; OSGeo



Journal of Statistical Software

November 2012, Volume 51, Issue 7.

<http://www.jstatsoft.org/>

spacetime: Spatio-Temporal Data in R

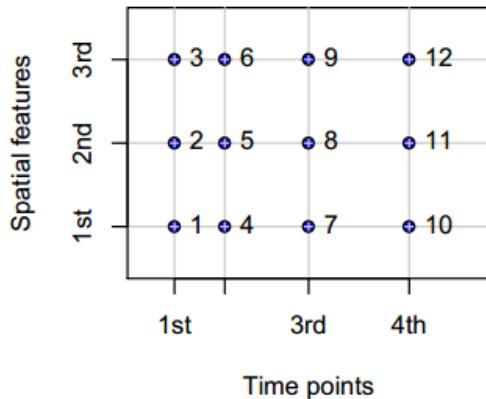
Edzer Pebesma
University of Münster

Spatio-temporal data structure

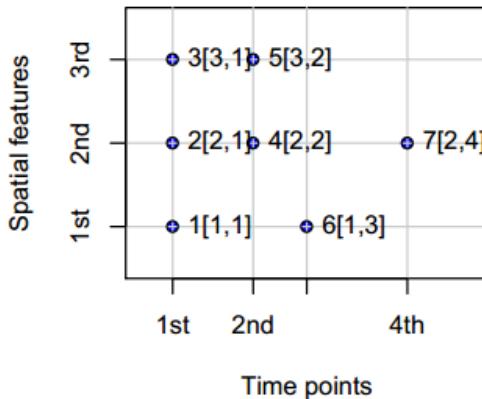
- **data.frame**[longitude, latitude, time]
- time-wide table
- space-wide table
- Generic classes
 - spacetime : sp + xts
- Dedicated classes
 - Geostatistical data: SpatioTemporal {STdata}
 - Gridded/raster data: raster {rasters}
 - Lattice data: surveillance {sts}
 - Point patterns: stpp {stpp}
 - Trajectory data: adehabitatLT {ltraj}

spacetime data structure

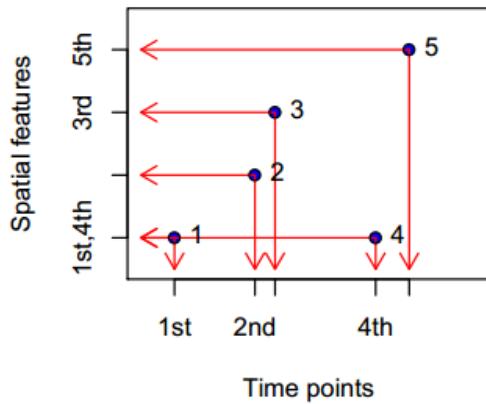
STF: full grid layout



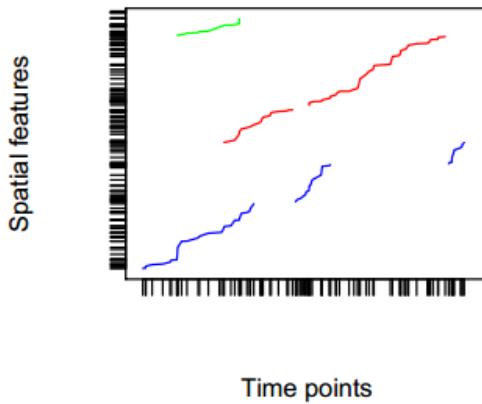
STS: sparse grid layout



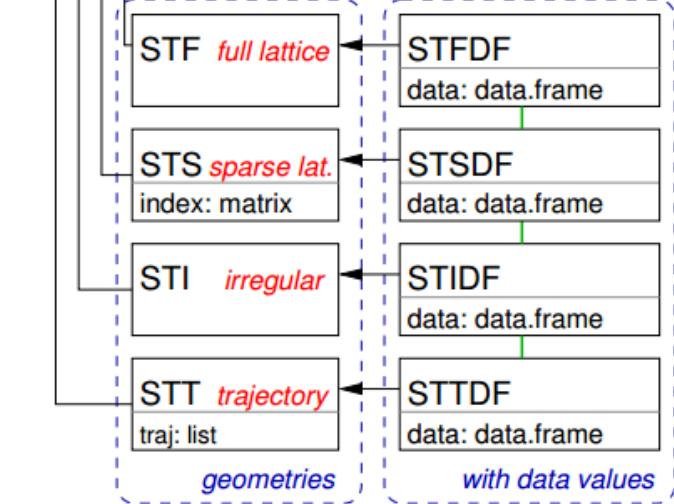
STI: irregular layout



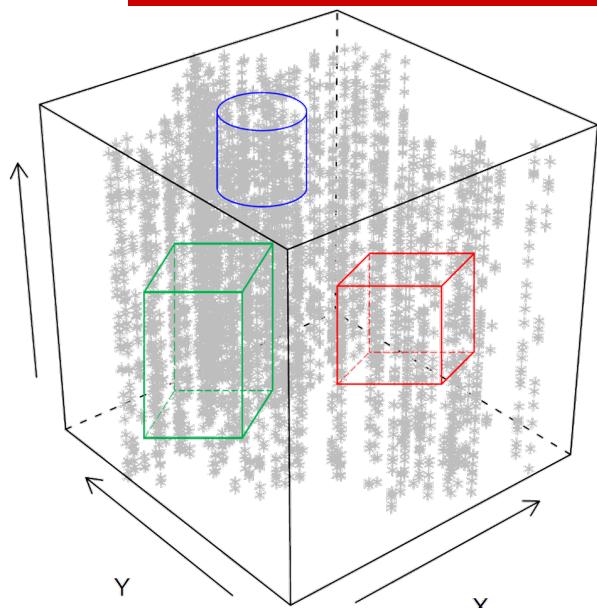
STT: trajectory



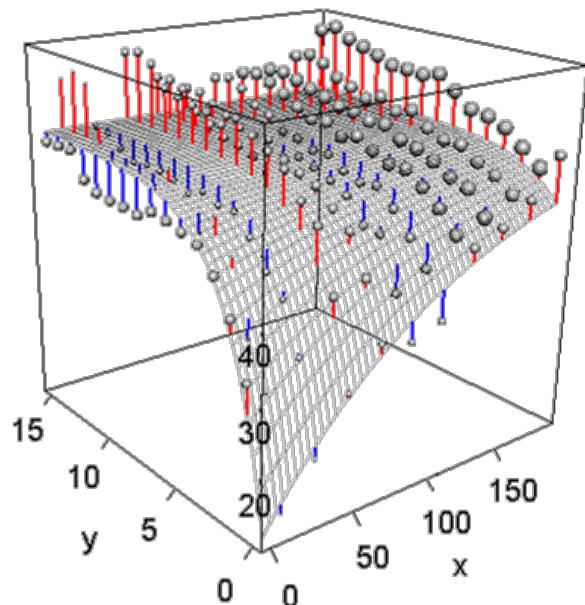
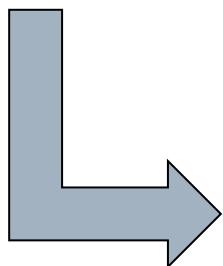
ST
sp: Spatial
time: xts
endTime: POSIXct



Spatio-temporal data analysis

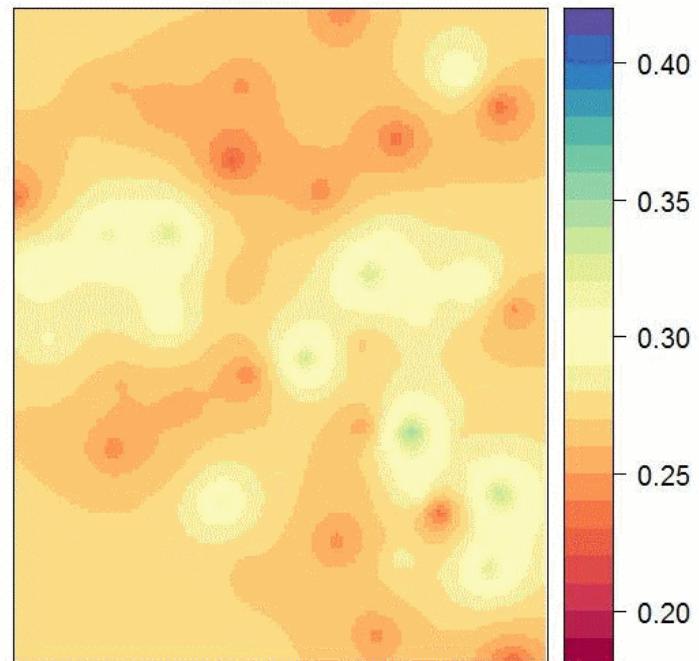


Observations

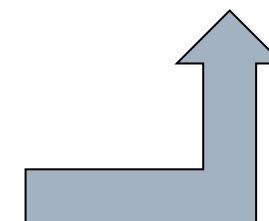


Spatiotemporal variogram

2012-07-09 00:00:00



Spatiotemporal kriging
interpolation



Spatio-temporal data analysis

□ 地统计

`spacetime`, `SpatioTemporal`, `RandomFields`,
`spBayes`, `Stem`, `spcopula`, *et al.*

□ 点模式分析

`splancs`, `stpp`, `stppResid`, `stam`, `ptproc`

□ 格数据分析

`surveillance`, `plm`, `splm`, `sphet`, `nlme`

□ 轨迹数据分析

`adehabitatLT`, `trip`, `tripEstimation`, `diveMove`,
`move`, *et al.*

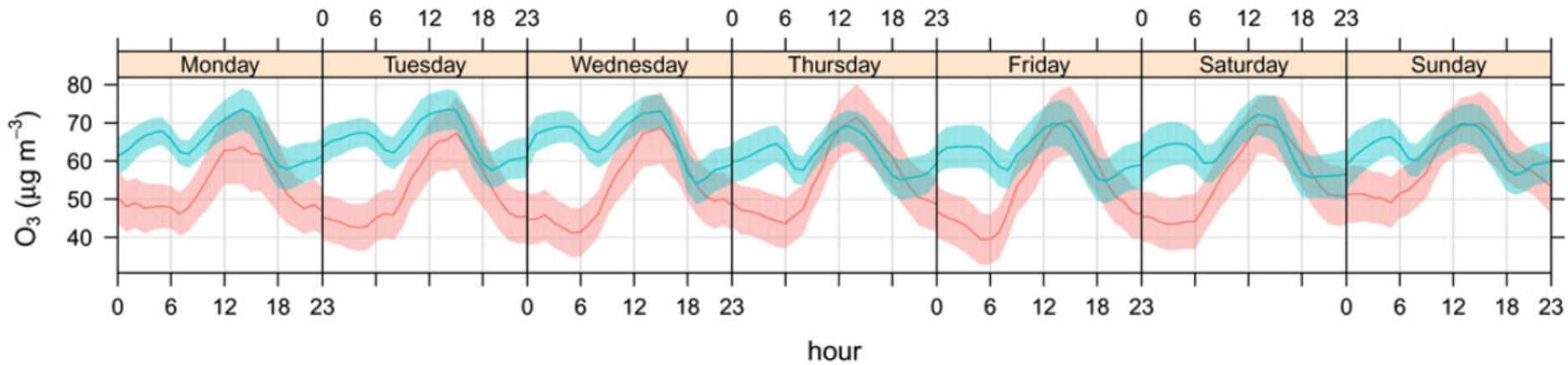
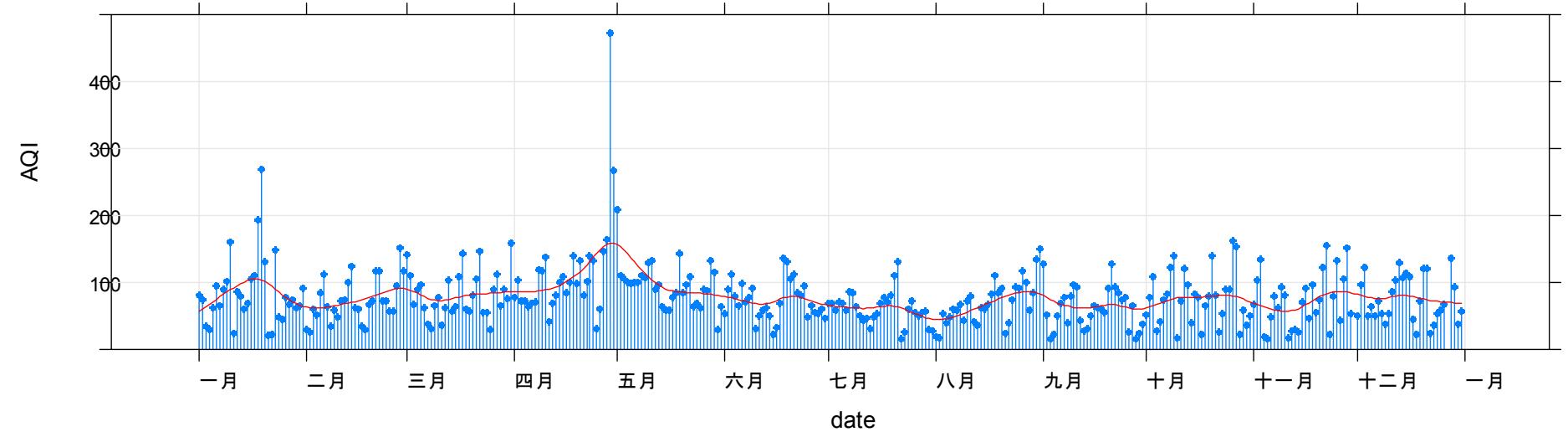
3 时空数据可视化

- ✧ R中的时空数据可视化
- ✧ Web中的时空数据可视化

Time series data visualization

```
lattice {xyplot()}
```

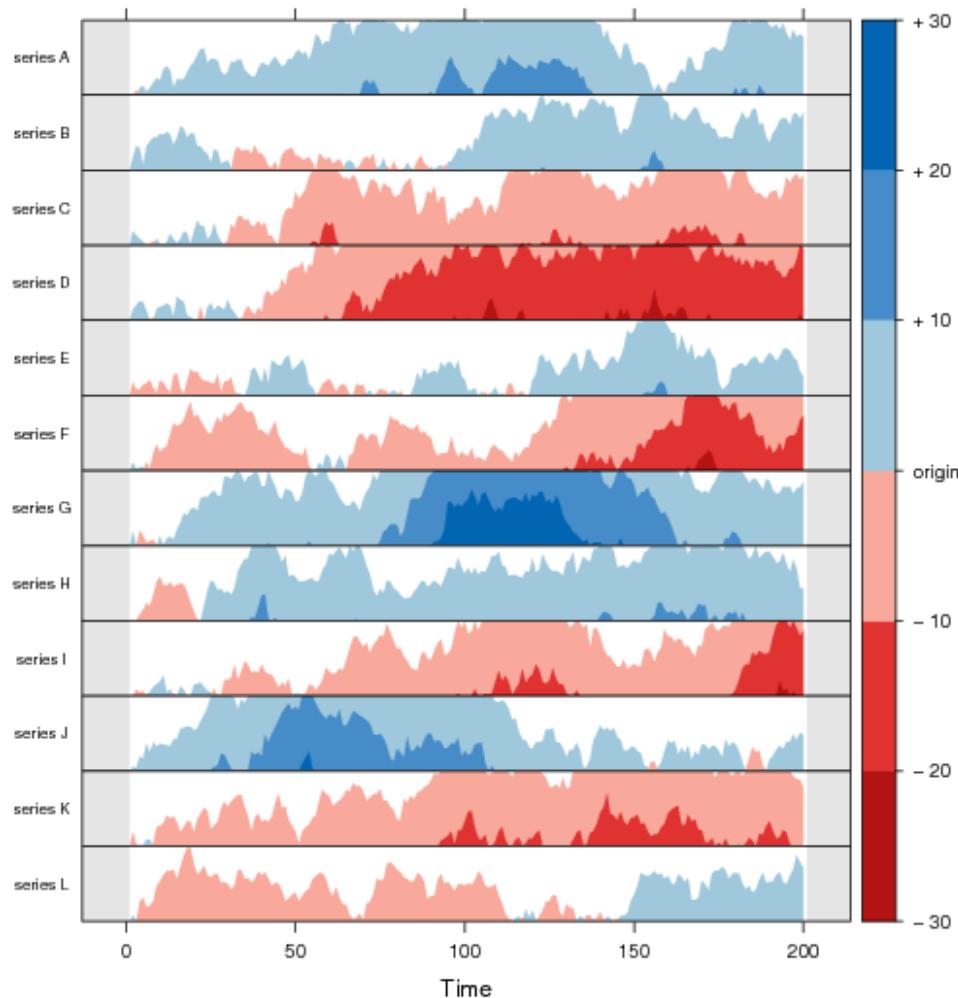
2012 Daily AQI of Beijing



TS visualization

```
latticeExtra  
{horizonplot() }
```

```
horizonplot(data, horizonscale =  
10, colorkey = TRUE, layout = c(1,  
12), strip.left = FALSE, ylab =  
list(rev(colnames(dat))), rot = 0,  
cex = 0.7))  
+ layer_(panel.fill,col =  
"gray90"),  
    panel.xblocks(..., col =  
"white"))
```



Calendar Map

openair

{calendarPlot()}



Adobe Acrobat
Document

```

breaks <- c(0, 50, 100, 150,
200, 300, 500)

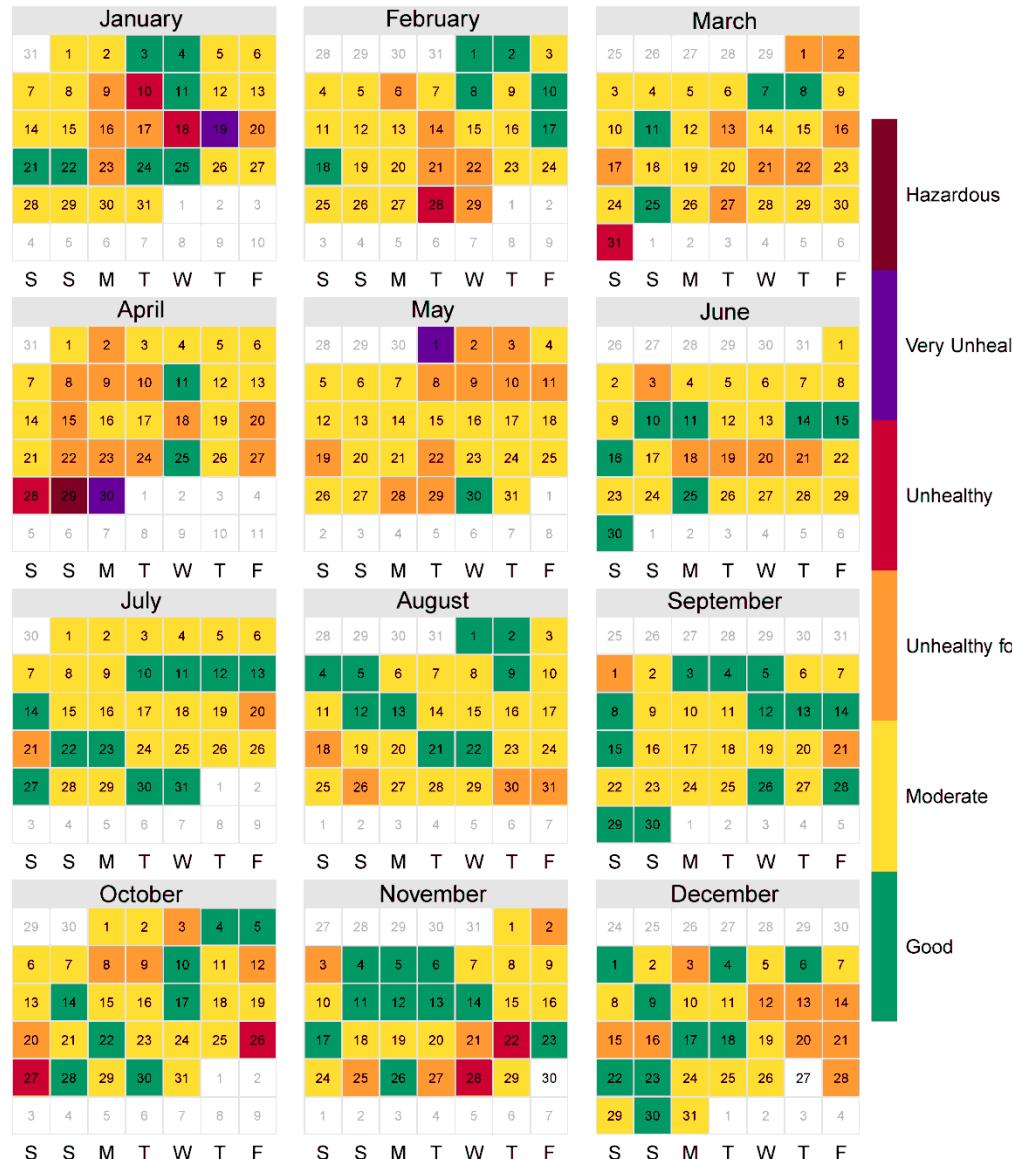
labels <- c("Good", "Moderate",
"Unhealthy for Sensitive
Groups", "Unhealthy", "Very
Unhealthy", "Hazardous")

colors <- c("#009966",
"#ffde33", "#ff9933",
"#cc0033", "#660099",
"#7e0023")

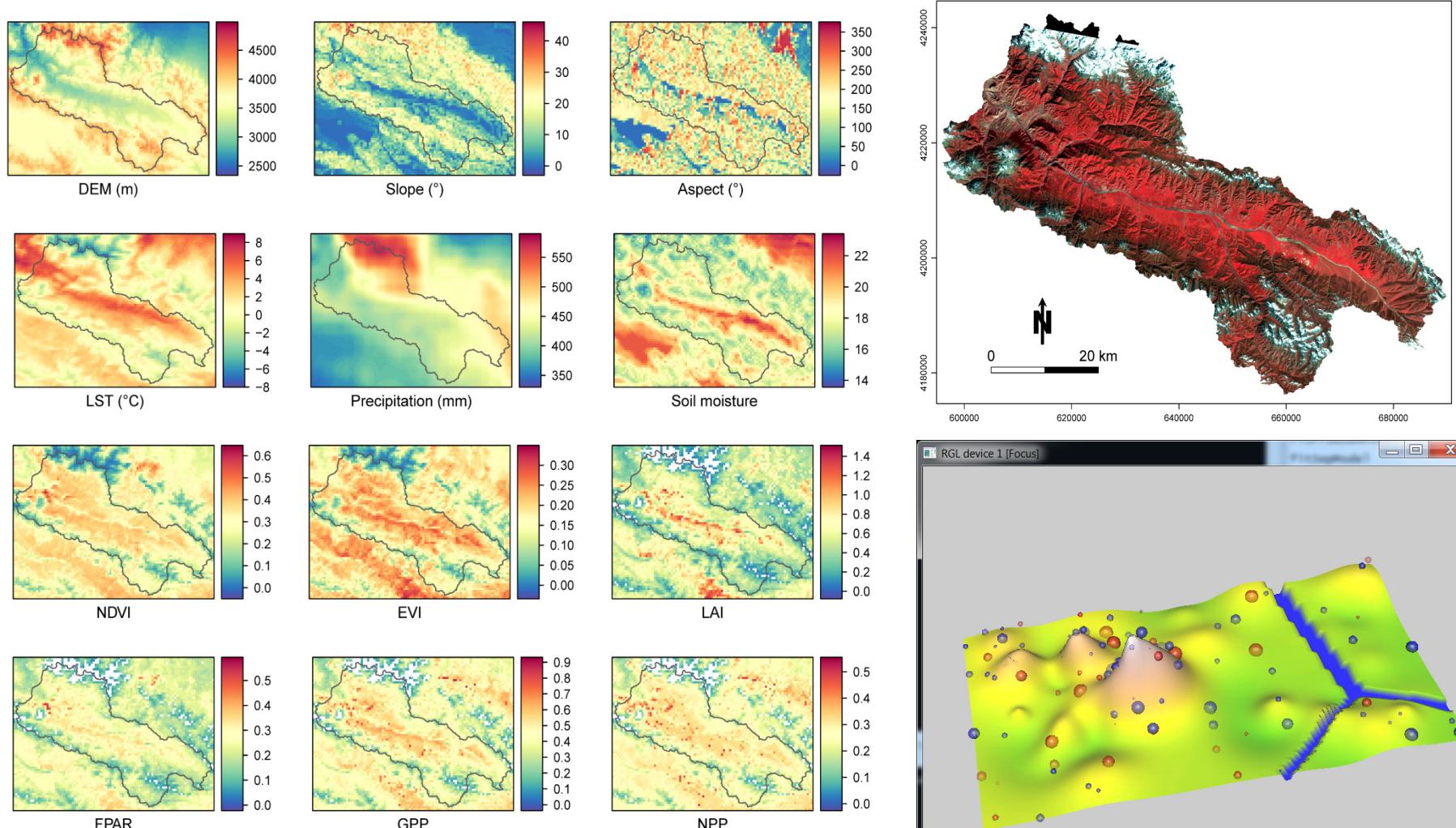
X11()
calendarPlot(data.sub,
pollutant = "AQI", year=2012,
breaks=breaks, labels=labels,
cols=colors, main="Beijing
2012 Daily Air Quality Index
(AQI)")

```

Beijing 2012 Daily Air Quality Index (AQI)



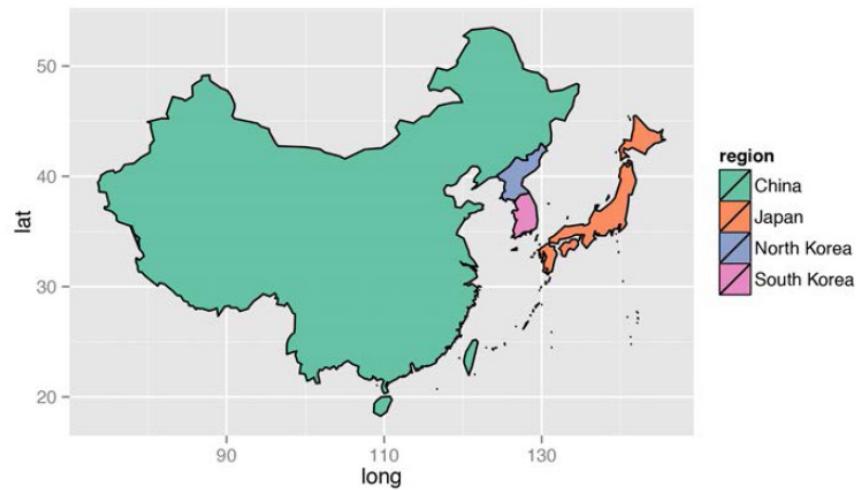
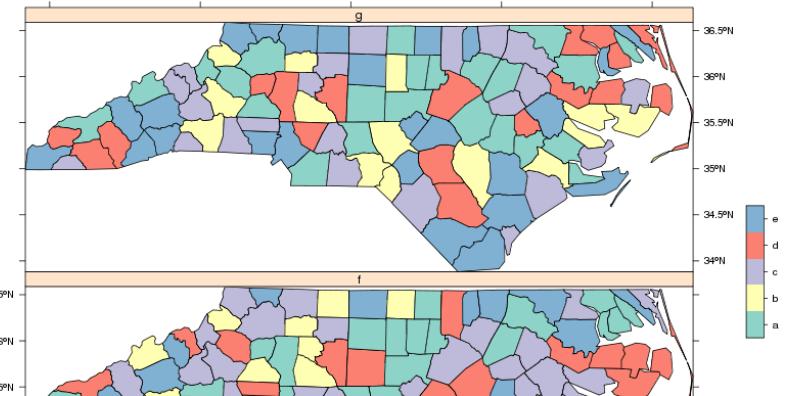
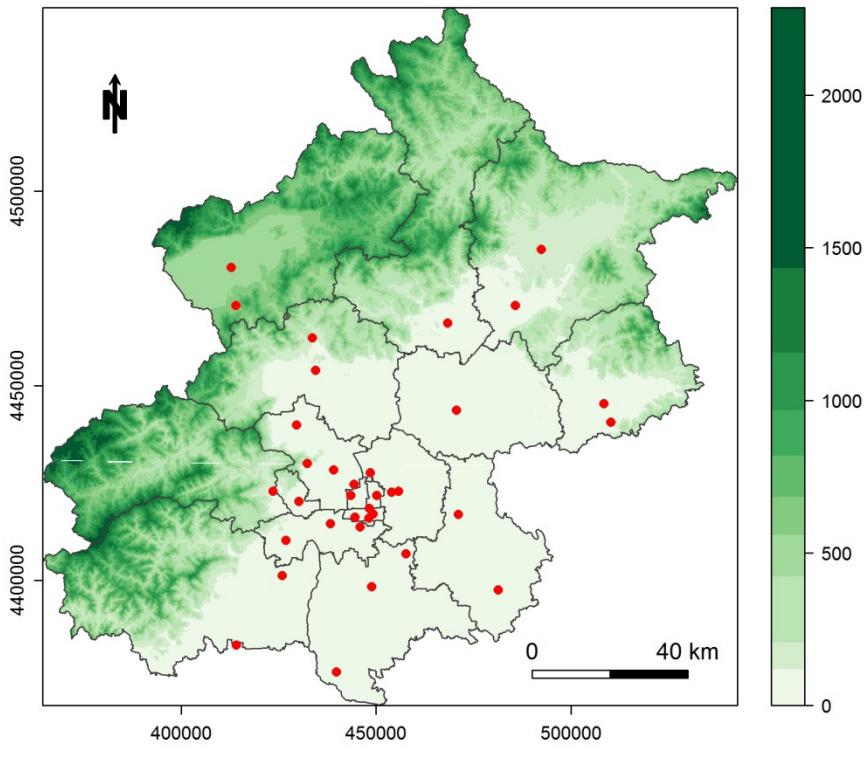
Raster data visualization



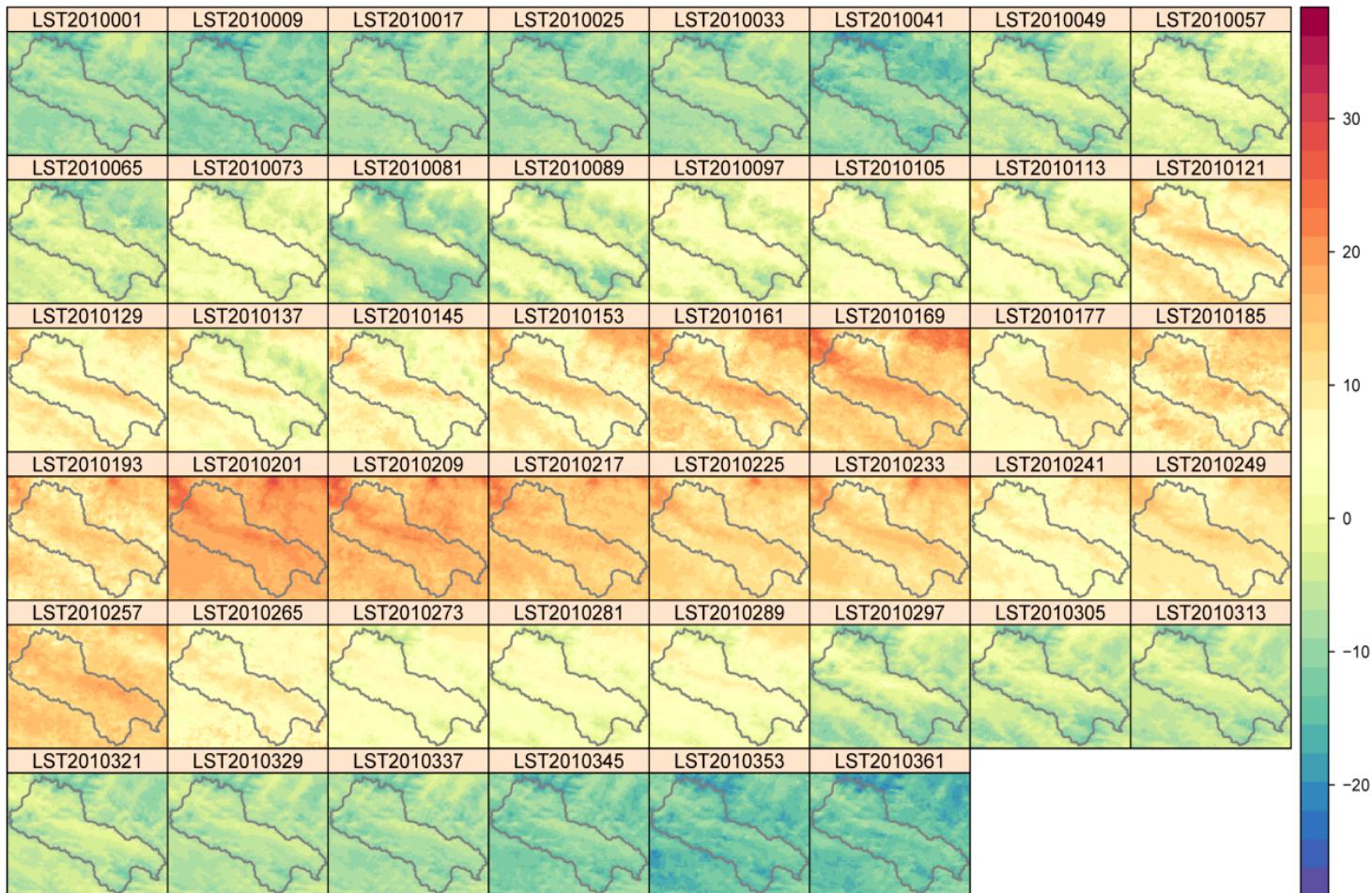
- `sp {spplot()}; raster {image()}`
- `lattice({levelplot(), contourplot(), wireframe() })`
- `rgl {surface3d}`

Vector data visualization

```
sp {spplot()}
lattice {xyplot()}
ggplot2 {geom_polygon}
```



Spatio-temporal data visualization



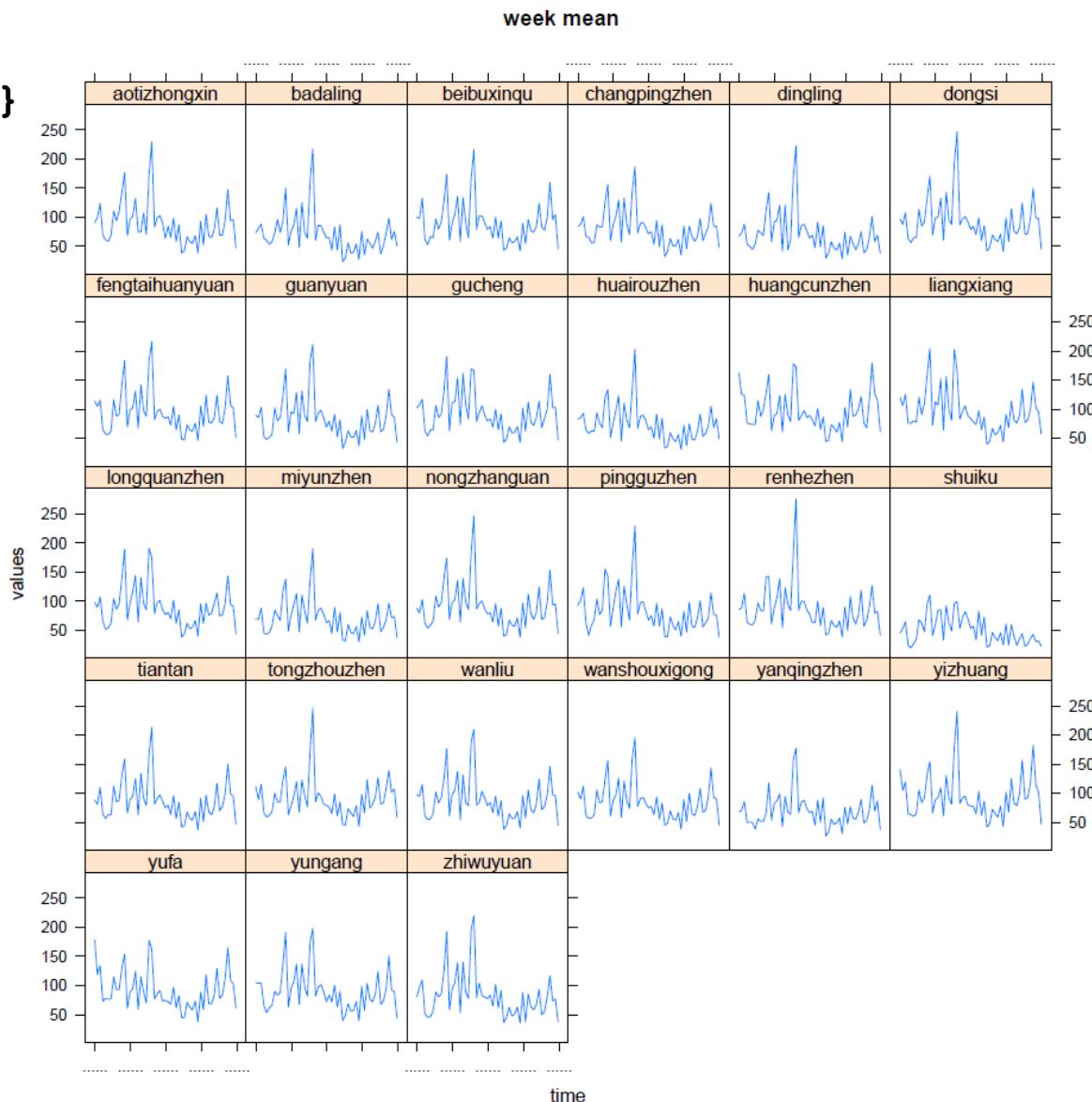
```
lattice {levelplot()}
```

Spatio-temporal visualization

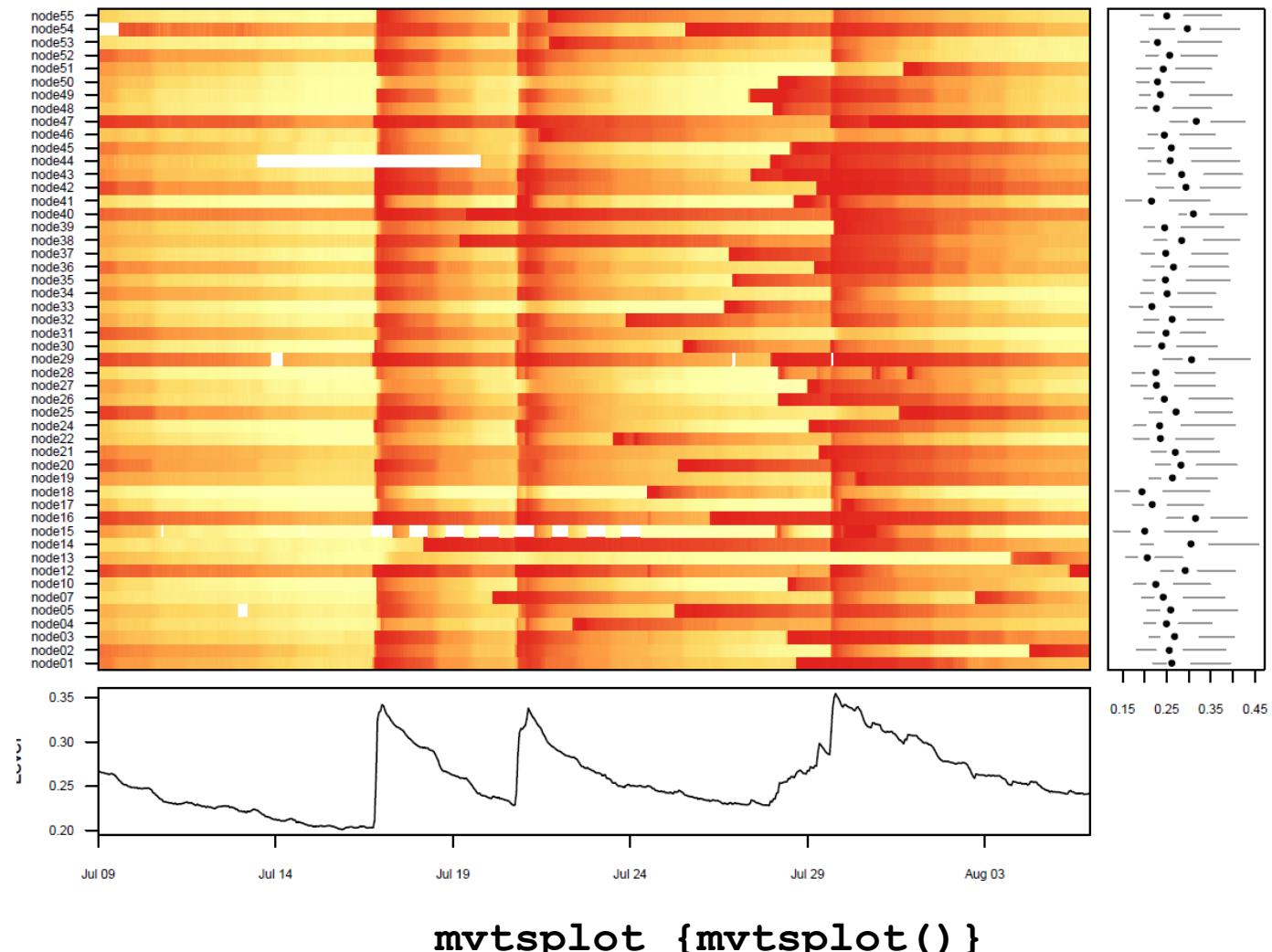
```
spacetime {stplot() }
```

MODE:

- = "tp"
- = "ts"
- = "xt"
- = "xy"



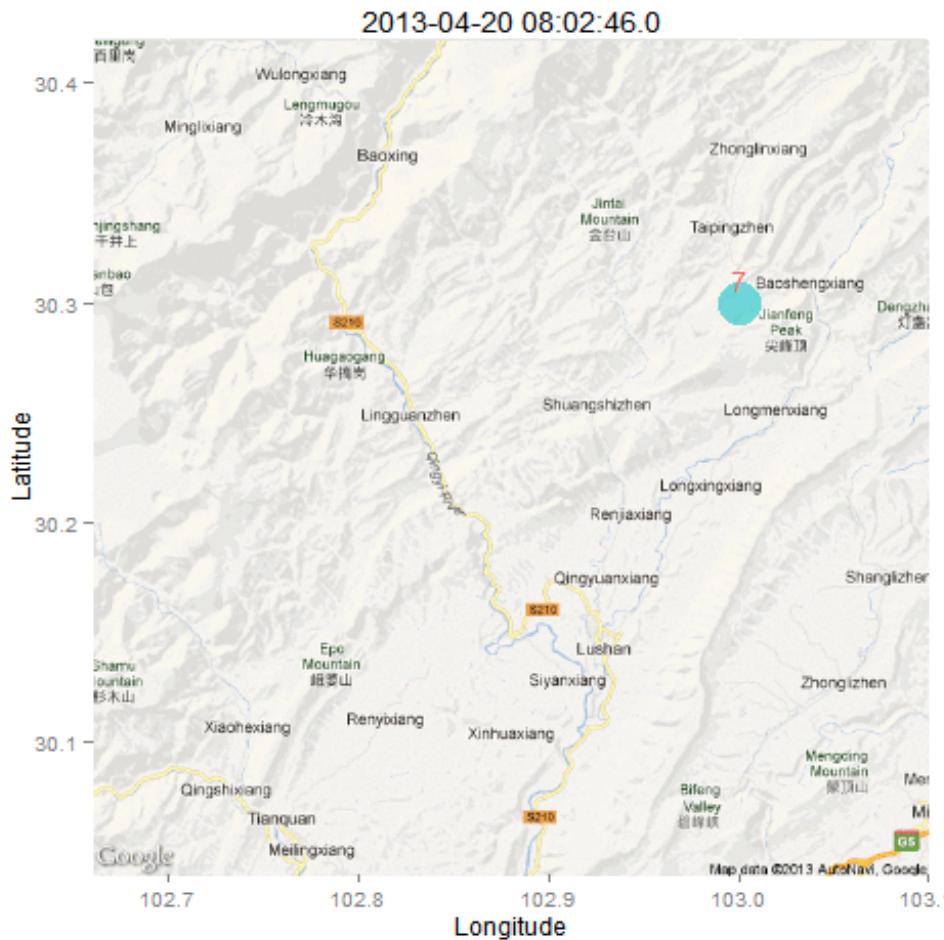
Spatio-temporal data visualization



Peng, R. (2008). "[A method for visualizing multivariate time series data](#)." Journal of Statistical Software 25(1): 1-17.

Spatio-temporal data visualization

animation



```
gridSVG  
{gridToSVG() }
```

<http://oscarperpinan.github.io/spacetim-vis/images/vLine.svg>

3.2 Web中的时空数据可视化

利用网络地图可视化空间数据

- Google Map or Earth : <https://maps.google.com/>



- Baidu Map : <http://developer.baidu.com/map/>



- LeafLet : <http://leafletjs.com/>



- OpenLayers : <http://openlayers.org/>



- OpenStreetMap : <http://www.openstreetmap.org/>



- ArcGIS online : <http://www.arcgis.com/home/>



- Cloudmate : <http://cloudmade.com/>



- Polymaps : <http://polymaps.org/>



Google Map

- [Google Map APIs](#)
- [Google Map Gadget](#)
 - 通过插件的形式将自己的数据嵌入到Google Map
- KML
 - 上传KML文件，在google map中加载kml文件，返回的地址，如
https://maps.google.com/maps?q=http://globalsoilmap.net/data/E33_S14_ORCDRC_1.gif.kml
- Fusion Table
 - CSV文件直接生成地图
- [igoogle 插件](#)，直接嵌入网页

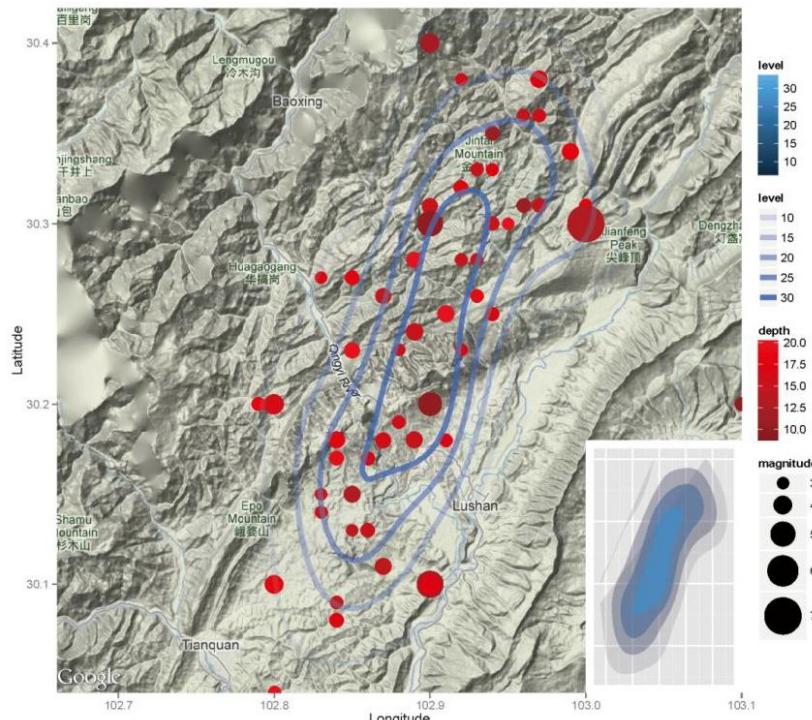
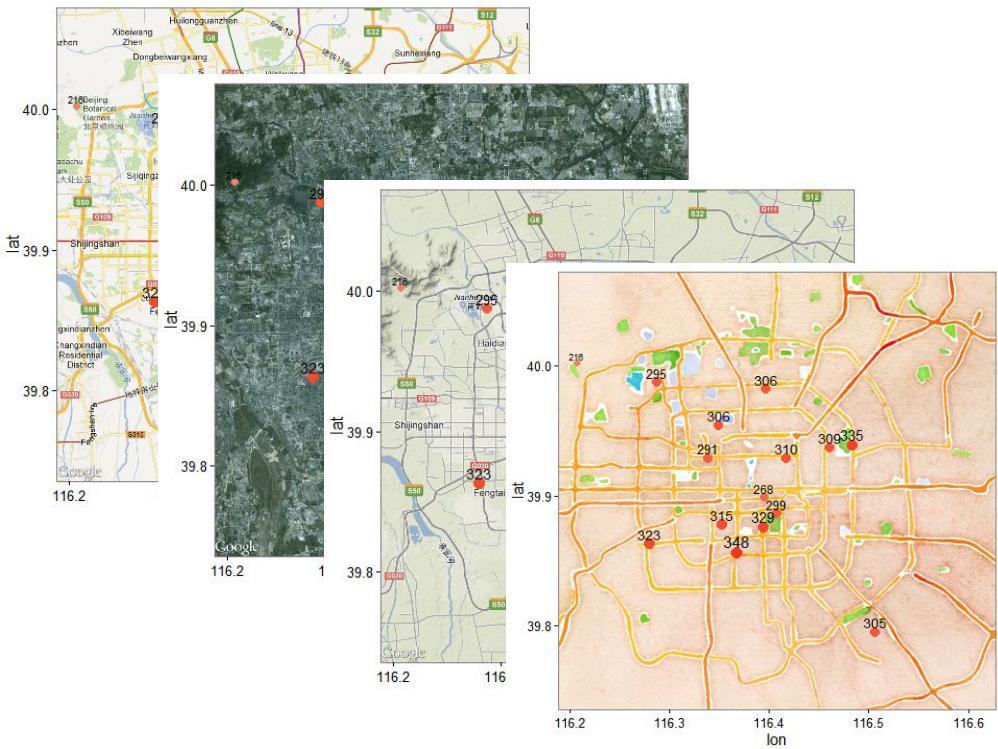
Google Map & R

□ ggmap

Kahle, D. and H. Wickham "ggmap: Spatial Visualization with ggplot2." The R Journal.

□ Data Sources

1. Google Maps
2. OpenStreetMap
3. Stamen Maps
4. CloudMade Maps

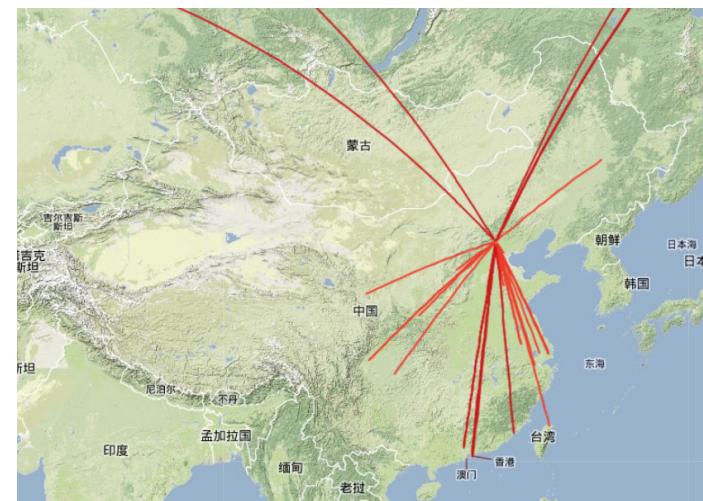
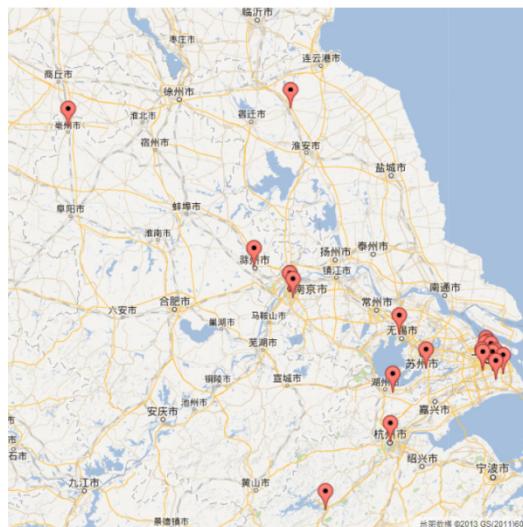
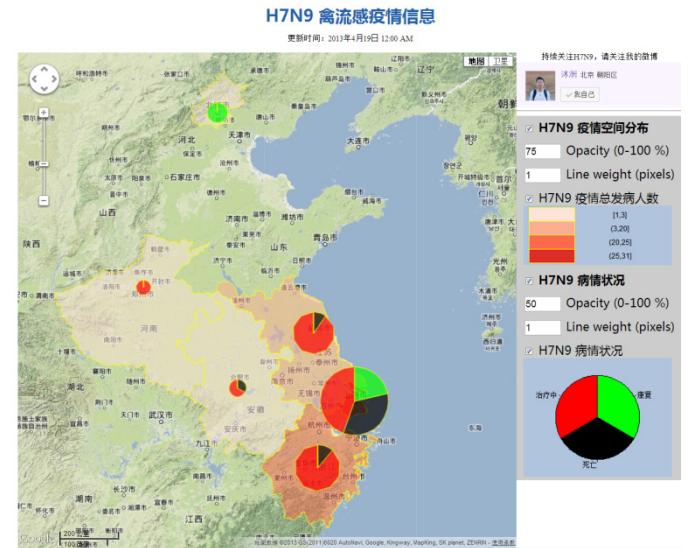


<http://jianghao.github.io/earthquake/spacetime/ppa.htm>

Google Map & R

□ plotGoogleMaps

- [Demo1](#) 面
- [Demo2](#) 线
- [Demo3](#) 点
- [Demo4](#) 点

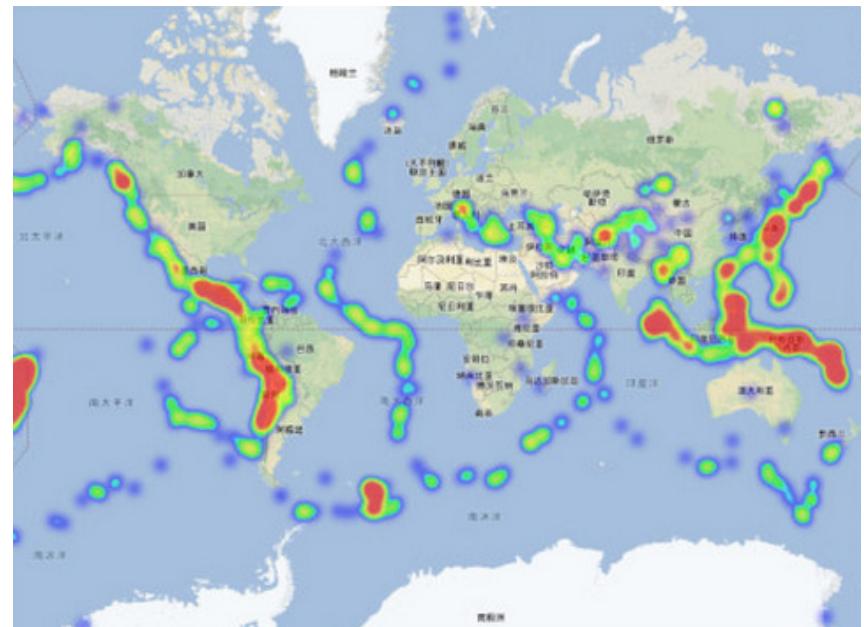


Google Map & R

□ heatmap.js

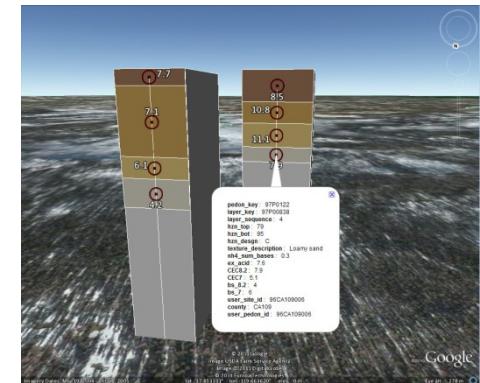
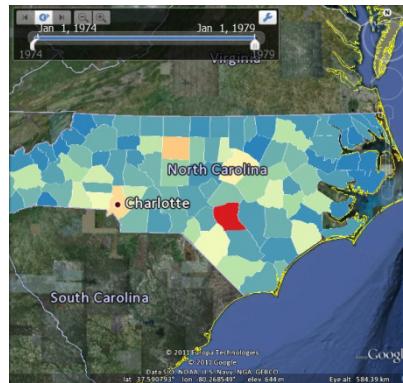
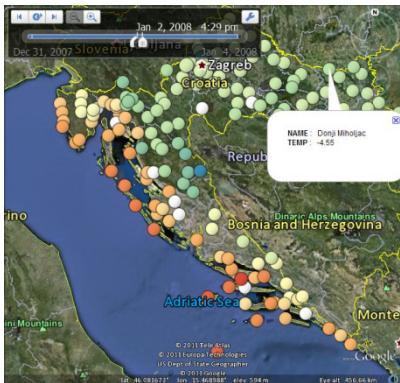
Demo1 (H7N9)

Demo2 (雅安地震)

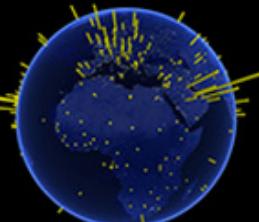
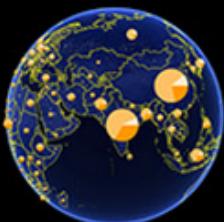


Google Earth & R

□ plotKML



thematicmapping.org



Thematic Mapping API
Create KML based thematic
maps
with a few lines of
JavaScript

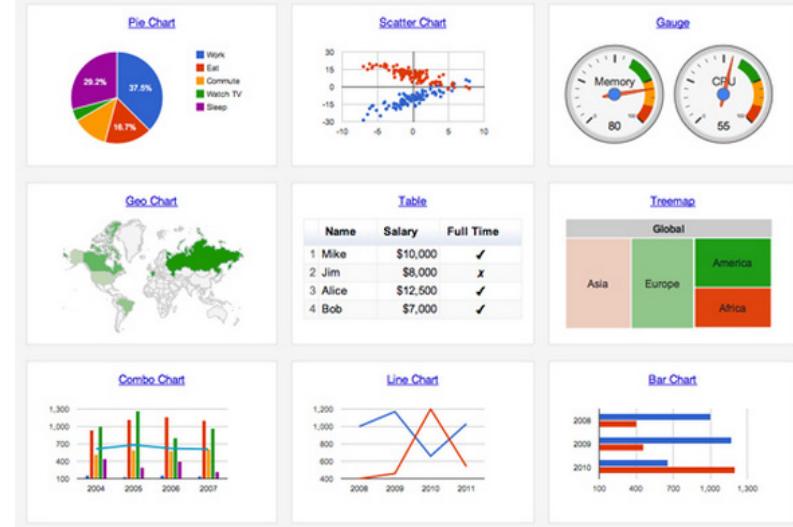
Web Map & R

- **RgoogleMaps**: like **ggmap**
- [osmar](#): OpenStreetMap and R
- **OpenStreetMap**: Access to open street map raster images

Html5 + CSS3 + JS & R

□ googleVis

- vignette('googleVis')
- demo('AnimatedGeoMap')
- demo('EventListener')
- demo('WorldBank')
<http://bostocks.org/mike/nations/>
- demo('googleVis')



□ rchart

interface for R users to create interactive visualizations using [polychart.js](#)

demo : <http://ramnathv.github.io/rCharts/>



- gg2v : Render ggplot2 graphics using vega
- rHighcharts; rNVD3; clickme; rVega

Shiny

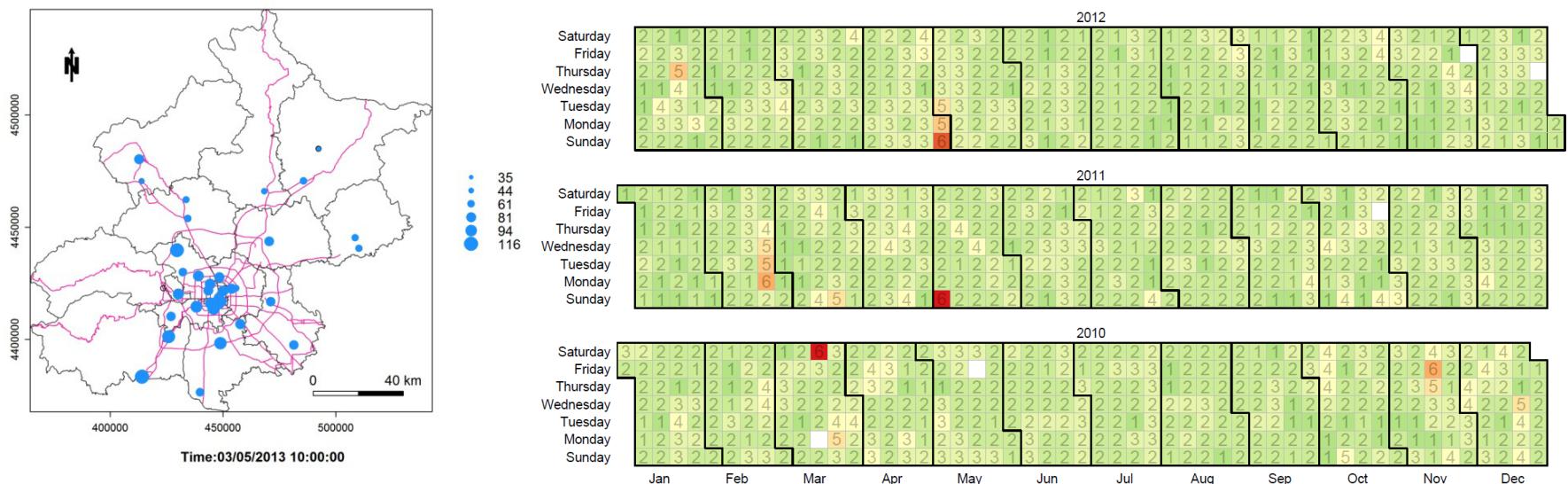
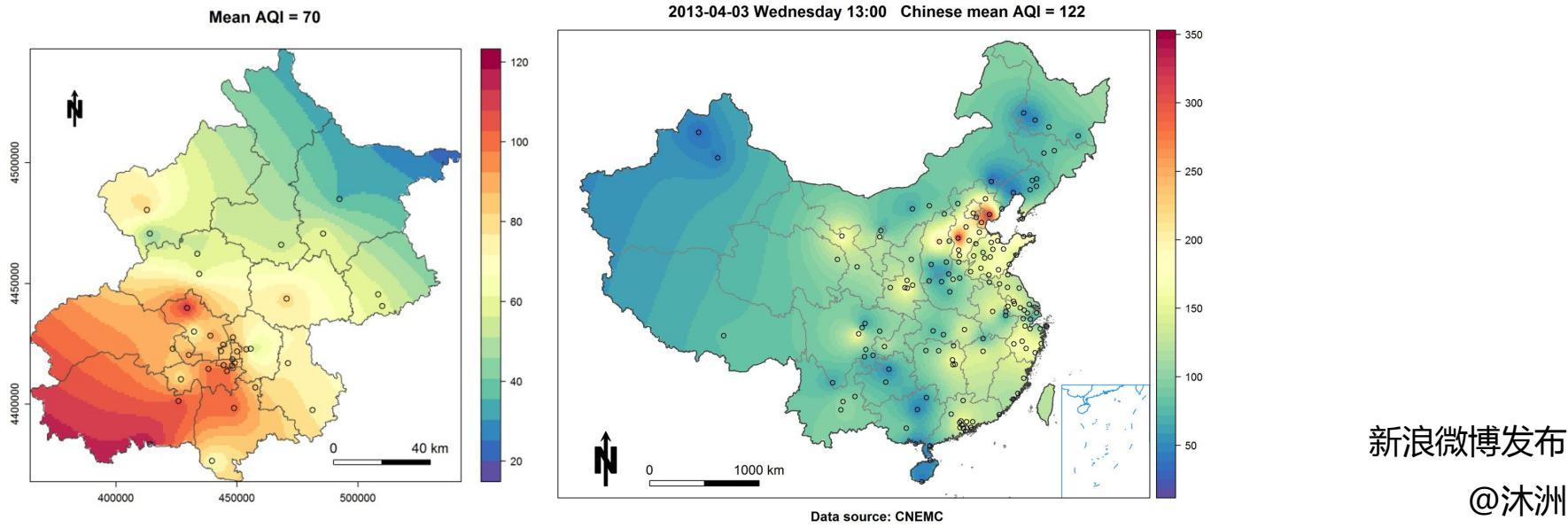
- **Shiny:** <http://www.rstudio.com/shiny/>
- **Shiny** [demos](#) on Github
 - [Reconstruct Gene Networks](#)
 - [WebGL Demo](#)
 - [2010 US Census Shiny App](#)

Web Visual

- **d3js:** <http://d3js.org>
- **Processing (Java):** <http://processing.org/>
- **Many Eyes:** <http://www-958.ibm.com/software/data/cognos/maneyes/>
- **Open Flash Chart (Flash):** <http://teethgrinder.co.uk/open-flash-chart/>
- **simile (AJAX):** <http://simile.mit.edu/>
- **FLARE (ActionScript):** <http://flare.prefuse.org/>

4 时空可视化应用

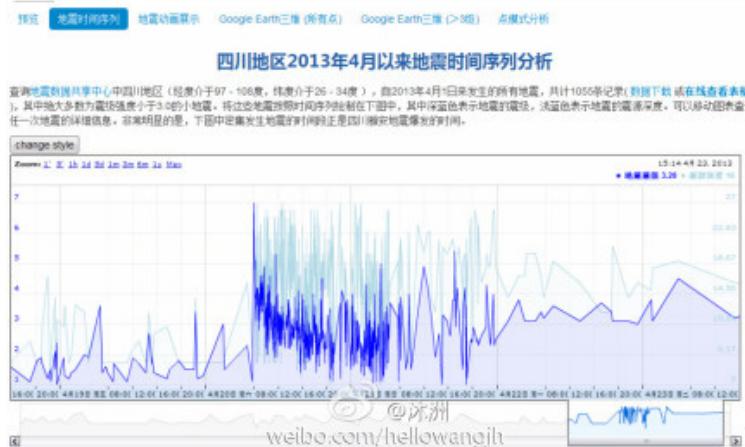
空气质量指数AQI分析与可视化



雅安地震信息发布

<http://jianghao.github.io/earthquake/>

四川雅安地震信息

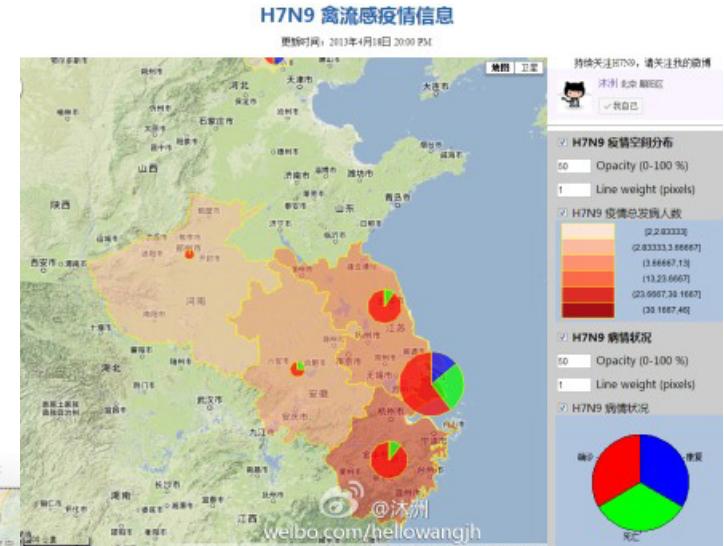


H7N9 信息发布

<http://jianghao.github.io/H7N9/index.html>



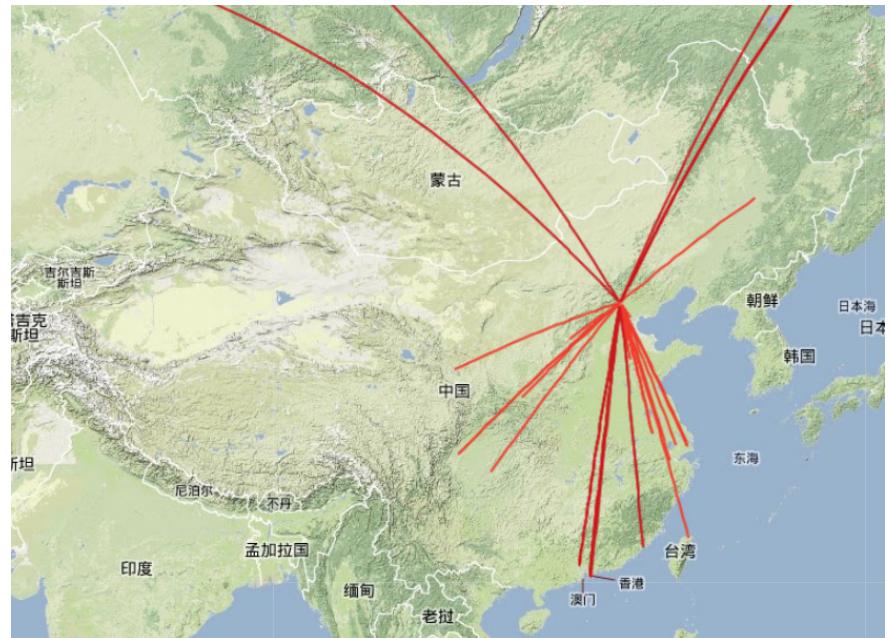
地图数据 ©2013 OpenStreetMap Contributors, Google, Kringay, MapT, MapGig, SK planet, ZENRIN - 地图名数
weibo.com/jianghao



点击图片可查看详情

微博社交网络分析

<https://github.com/Jianghao/weibo> (待完善)



点击图片可查看详情

科学研究中心

□ 主要研究方向

- 时空数据分析
- 遥感影像的不确定性
- 时空地统计学
- 监测网布局优化
- 时空插值与过程模拟
- . . .

□ 论文 90% 的内容均由 R 语言完成

Thanks!

Q & A